

**BETAPRO -3X RUSSELL 2000
DAILY LEVERAGED BEAR
ALTERNATIVE ETF
(SRSL:TSX)**

INTERIM REPORT | JUNE 30, 2026

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A Message from the CEO

As we mark the midpoint of 2026, I am proud to reflect on the continued growth we are achieving as a company and for our clients through the innovative investment solutions we manage for Canadians.

Thanks to the trust of our investors and clients, Global X's assets under management have surpassed \$56 billion, as of June 30, 2026. This year, we have also seen trading volume on the BetaPro by Global X ETF suite reach new highs, as well.

BetaPro by Global X remains a cornerstone of our offering for sophisticated investors seeking tactical trading tools. These ETFs provide targeted exposure to market movements across equities, commodities and fixed income, enabling investors to express short term market views and adjust portfolio exposure in dynamic environments.

Over the past year, we introduced a renewed vision for the BetaPro by Global X fund family — Canada's largest suite of leveraged, inverse and inverse leveraged ETFs. With more than 17 years of trading history in Canada and a platform that offers nearly 40 ETFs, BetaPro by Global X remains the Canadian leader in this ETF category and one of the longest standing leveraged ETF platforms globally.

As part of this evolution, we also launched BetaPro.ca, a dedicated online resource centre designed to help investors better understand how daily, short term trading vehicles can assist sophisticated investors in navigating market volatility.

In 2025, we expanded the BetaPro platform with several new triple leveraged ETFs, including funds providing three times ("3x") and minus three times ("3x") exposure to widely followed indices such as the Nasdaq 100® and the S&P 500®. These ETFs represent the highest level of leverage currently available in Canada through exchange traded funds without exemptive relief and incorporate currency hedging designed to more closely reflect movements in their underlying U.S. equity indices.

We also broadened the range of tactical trading tools available within the BetaPro suite with additional leveraged and inverse exposures across major global benchmarks, including the S&P/TSX 60™, NYSE Semiconductor Index, ICE U.S. Treasury 20+ Year Bond Index and the Russell 2000 Index.

Market conditions during the first half of 2026 have continued to highlight the importance of tactical flexibility. Elevated market concentration in large cap technology companies, shifting interest rate expectations and ongoing geopolitical developments have contributed to periods of heightened volatility across global markets. In this environment, sophisticated investors increasingly rely on tools that allow them to respond quickly to changing market conditions.

BetaPro ETFs are designed to provide those tools. They enable investors to take targeted positions across major equity indices, commodities such as oil, gold and natural gas, and other asset classes, offering the ability to express tactical views by going long or short specific sectors, indices or markets.

At Global X, we embrace innovation in everything we do. From our roots as one of Canada's early ETF providers to our legacy of launching first of their kind investment products, we remain committed to delivering high quality investment solutions and an exceptional client experience.

Global X is part of a broader global ETF ecosystem through our parent company, Mirae Asset. Mirae Asset manages more than \$1 trillion in client assets across 21 countries and global markets around the world. This global network supports our ability to bring innovative trading tools and investment strategies to Canadian investors.

Under our BetaPro by Global X brand, our motto is "Command the Market." We remain committed to supporting sophisticated Canadian traders as they navigate evolving market conditions and pursue new opportunities.

Thank you for your continued support.

Sincerely,



Rohit Mehta
President & CEO of Global X Investments Canada Inc.

MANAGEMENT REPORT OF FUND PERFORMANCE

This interim management report of fund performance for BetaPro -3x Russell 2000 Daily Leveraged Bear Alternative ETF (“SRSL” or the “ETF”), a corporate class of shares (a “Corporate Class”) of Global X Canada ETF Corp. (the “Company”) contains financial highlights and is included with the unaudited interim financial statements (“financial statements” or “annual financial statements”) for the investment fund. You may request a copy of the investment fund’s unaudited interim or audited annual financial statements, interim or annual management report of fund performance, current proxy voting policies and procedures, proxy voting disclosure record or quarterly portfolio disclosures, at no cost, by calling (toll free) 1-866-641-5739, or (416) 933-5745, by writing to Global X Investments Canada Inc. (“Global X” or the “Manager”), at 55 University Avenue, Suite 800, Toronto, Ontario, M5J 2H7, by visiting our website at www.globalx.ca or through SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca.

This document may contain forward-looking statements relating to anticipated future events, results, circumstances, performance, or expectations that are not historical facts but instead represent our beliefs regarding future events. By their nature, forward-looking statements require us to make assumptions and are subject to inherent risks and uncertainties. There is significant risk that predictions and other forward-looking statements will not prove to be accurate. We caution readers of this document not to place undue reliance on our forward-looking statements as a number of factors could cause actual future results, conditions, actions or events to differ materially from the targets, expectations, estimates or intentions expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements.

Actual results may differ materially from management expectations as projected in such forward-looking statements for a variety of reasons, including but not limited to market and general economic conditions, interest rates, regulatory and statutory developments, the effects of competition in the geographic and business areas in which the ETF may invest and the risks detailed from time to time in the ETF’s prospectus. New risk factors emerge from time to time and it is not possible for management to predict all such risk factors. We caution that the foregoing list of factors is not exhaustive, and that when relying on forward-looking statements to make decisions with respect to investing in the ETF, investors and others should carefully consider these factors, as well as other uncertainties and potential events, and the inherent uncertainty of forward-looking statements. Due to the potential impact of these factors, the Manager does not undertake, and specifically disclaims, any intention or obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, unless required by applicable law.

The BetaPro -3x Russell 2000 Daily Leveraged Bear Alternative ETF (SRSL) (in this disclaimer, the “Russell 2000 Fund”) has been developed solely by Global X Investments Canada Inc. The Russell 2000 Fund is not in any way connected to or sponsored, endorsed, sold or promoted by the London Stock Exchange Group plc and its group undertakings (collectively, the “LSE Group”). FTSE Russell is a trading name of certain of the LSE Group companies. All rights in the RUSSELL 2000 RIC CAPPED INDEX (in this disclaimer, the “Index”) vest in the relevant LSE Group company, which owns the Index. Russell® is a trademark of the relevant LSE Group company and is/are used by any other LSE Group company under license. The Index is calculated by Frank Russell Company, an affiliate of FTSE International Limited. The LSE Group does not accept any liability whatsoever to any person arising out of (a) the use of, reliance on or any error in the Index or (b) investment in or operation of the Russell 2000 Funds. The LSE Group makes no claim, prediction, warranty or representation either as to the results to be obtained from the Russell 2000 Fund or the suitability of the Index for the purpose to which it is being put by Global X Investments Canada Inc.

Management Discussion of Fund Performance

Investment Objective and Strategy

SRSL seeks to provide **daily investment results**, before fees, expenses, distributions, brokerage commissions and other transaction costs, that endeavour to correspond to three times (300%) the inverse (opposite) of the daily performance of Russell 2000 Index (the “Underlying Index”, Bloomberg ticker: US2000USD). The ETF do not seek to achieve their stated investment objective over a period of time greater than one day. U.S. dollar gains or losses as a result of the ETF’s investments are intended to be hedged back to Canadian dollars.

If SRSL is successful in meeting its investment objective, its net asset value should, before fees, expenses, distributions, brokerage commissions and other transaction costs, gain approximately three times as much on a given day, on a percentage basis, as any decrease in its Underlying Index (when this Underlying Index declines on that day). Conversely, SRSL’s net asset value should, before fees, expenses, distributions, brokerage commissions and other transaction costs, lose approximately three times as much on a given day, on a percentage basis, as any increase in its Underlying Index (when this Underlying Index rises on that day).

Management Discussion of Fund Performance (continued)

SRSL takes positions in financial instruments that, in combination, should have similar daily return characteristics as three times (300%) the inverse (opposite) of the Underlying Index. In order to achieve this objective, the total underlying notional value of these instruments and/or securities will typically not exceed three times the total assets of the ETF. As such, SRSL employs absolute leverage. Assets not invested in financial instruments may be invested in debt instruments or money market instruments with a term not to exceed 365 days, or reverse repurchase agreements with a term not to exceed 30 days.

Value of the Underlying Index

SRSL typically uses the price of the Russell 2000 Index as determined at approximately 4:00 p.m. (EST) as the reference for its daily investment objective.

About the Underlying Index

The Russell 2000 Index is an equity benchmark which measures the performance of the small-cap segment of the U.S. equity universe. The Russell 2000 Index is a subset of the Russell 3000 Index. It includes approximately 2,000 of the smallest securities based on a combination of their market cap and current index membership.

Risk

The ETF is very different from most other exchange-traded funds. The ETF uses leverage, and is riskier than funds that do not. The ETF does not and should not be expected to return three times the inverse return of the Underlying Index over any period of time other than **daily**. Investors should monitor their investment in the ETF as often as daily.

The ETF's returns over periods longer than one day will likely differ in amount and possibly direction from the inverse performance of the Underlying Index for the same period. This effect becomes more pronounced as the volatility of the Underlying Index increases.

The Manager performs a review of the ETF's risk rating at least annually, as well as when there is a material change in the ETF's investment objective or investment strategies. During the period, there were no changes to the ETF that materially affected the overall risk level associated with an investment in the ETF. The current risk rating for the ETF is: high.

Risk ratings are determined based on the historical volatility of the ETF as measured by the standard deviation of its performance against its mean. The risk categorization of the ETF may change over time and historical volatility is not indicative of future volatility. Generally, a risk rating is assigned to the ETF based on a rolling 10-year standard deviation of its returns, the return of its Underlying Index, or of an applicable proxy. In cases where the Manager believes that this methodology produces a result that is not indicative of the ETF's future volatility, the risk rating may be determined by the ETF's category. Risk ratings are not intended for use as a substitute for undertaking a proper and complete suitability or financial assessment by an investment advisor.

Investments in the shares of the ETF are speculative, involve a high degree of risk and are suitable only for persons who are able to assume the risk of losing their entire investment.

The risks and the full description of each risk to which an investment in the ETF is subject are disclosed in the ETF's most recent prospectus. The most recent prospectus is available at www.globalx.ca or from www.sedarplus.ca, or by calling Global X Investments Canada Inc. at (toll free) 1-866-641-5739, or at (416) 933-5745.

Prospective investors should read the ETF's most recent prospectus and consider the full description of the risks contained therein before purchasing shares.

Management Discussion of Fund Performance (continued)

The degree of the price volatility risk will vary from period to period depending on the volatility of the Underlying Index. Please refer to the Results of Operations section for further discussion on the impact of price volatility on the performance of the ETF relative to its Underlying Index.

Results of Operations

The ETF effectively began operations on September 17, 2025, at a net asset value ("NAV") of \$20.00 per share and ended the period on June 30, 2026, at a NAV of \$9.02 per share. This compares to a return of 21.86% for the Underlying Index for the same period. The above figures are adjusted for distributions, if any. **This ETF does not seek to meet its investment objective over any period other than daily, as the ETF is rebalanced daily to ensure an investor's risk is limited to the current value of their investment.**

The ETF's returns over periods longer than one day will likely differ in amount and possibly direction from the inverse performance of the Underlying Index for the same period. This effect becomes more pronounced as the volatility of the Underlying Index increases.

A perfect daily correlation of 300% of the daily inverse return of the Underlying Index would be a correlation of 1.0000. The ETF's daily correlation to its stated Underlying Index for the period ended June 30, 2026, was 0.9999.

The Russell 2000 Index measures the performance of the small-cap segment of the U.S. equity universe. It includes approximately 2,000 of the smallest securities based on a combination of their market cap and current index membership.

For the period ended June 30, 2026, the top performers in the Underlying Index were Brand Engagement Network Inc., MaxLinear, Inc., and Rackspace Technology, Inc., gaining 663.68%, 660.61%, and 596.44%, respectively. The worst performers in the Underlying Index were Upstream Bio, Inc., Venu Holding Corporation, and Embecta Corp., returning -73.61%, -72.08%, and -71.08%, respectively.

With respect to the day-to-day management of the ETF, Global X does not endeavour to predict market direction or changes in global fiscal and monetary policies, the effects of geopolitical developments, or other unforeseen crises. Global X and the ETF are agnostic as to the impact of these events on global equity, fixed income, currency and commodity markets generally, and the U.S. equity market specifically. These events are only of concern to the extent that they may affect the ETF's ability to achieve its investment objective. Please refer to the risk factors section of the ETF's prospectus for more detailed information.

While the objective of the ETF is to seek **daily** investment results, before fees, expenses, distributions, brokerage commissions and other transaction costs, that endeavour to correspond to three times (300%) (to obtain leverage) the daily inverse performance of the Underlying Index, when performance is measured over periods other than daily, the ETF may experience greater volatility than the Underlying Index or the securities comprising the Underlying Index due to the compounding effect inherent in seeking a multiple of the Underlying Index, and thus has the potential for greater losses.

When comparing the returns of the ETF and the Underlying Index over any period **other than daily**, the volatility of the Underlying Index is a significant factor as a result of the rebalancing process. The following table illustrates the impact of two factors, benchmark volatility and benchmark performance, on a leveraged fund's period performance. The table shows estimated fund returns for a number of combinations of benchmark performance and benchmark volatility over a one year period.

Assumptions used in the table include: a) no ETF expenses and b) borrowing/lending rates (to obtain leverage) of zero percent. If the ETF's expenses were included, the ETF's performance would be lower than shown.

Management Discussion of Fund Performance (continued)

One Year Benchmark Performance	-300% One Year Benchmark Performance	Benchmark Volatility			
		0%	25%	50%	75%
-40%	-120.0%	363.0%	218.2%	3.3%	-84.2%
-20%	-60.0%	95.3%	34.2%	-56.4%	-93.3%
0%	0.0%	0.0%	-31.3%	-77.7%	-96.6%
20%	60.0%	-42.1%	-60.2%	-87.1%	-98.0%
40%	120.0%	-63.6%	-75.0%	-91.9%	-98.8%

Per the above, it can be concluded that for any given benchmark return, increased volatility will negatively impact the relative period performance of the ETF to the Underlying Index.

The annualized volatility of each of the Underlying Index and the ETF was 19.76% and 63.69%, respectively, for the period ended June 30, 2026.

The ETF may, at times, have very large purchase and redemption activity. However, the performance of the ETF is primarily affected by the performance of its forward agreement, which is rebalanced daily and is tied to the performance of the ETF's Underlying Index. The performance and liquidity of the ETF is unaffected by the asset size of the ETF, or by purchase and redemption activity, as these transactions are taken into account during the daily rebalancing of the forward agreement.

Forward Agreements

In order to achieve its investment objective and leverage, the ETF has entered into multiple forward agreements (the "Forward Agreements") with one or more bank counterparties (each a "Counterparty"). The Forward Agreements provide both positive exposure to the Underlying Index and negative exposure to the Underlying Index. The ETF generally invests its assets in interest bearing accounts and/or short-term Canadian federal or provincial treasury bills to earn prevailing short-term market interest rates to serve as collateral for the Forward Agreements.

The Counterparty to any Forward Agreements entered into by the ETF must be a chartered Canadian bank or an affiliate of a chartered Canadian bank whose obligations are guaranteed by a chartered Canadian bank, and has a designated rating.

In respect of short-term securities or instruments (where the maturity date of the security or instrument is less than one year), Counterparties must have a designated rating for Commercial Paper/Short-Term Debt no lower than (a) Dominion Bond Rating Service Limited ("DBRS") - "R-1(low)"; (b) Fitch Ratings ("Fitch") - "F1"; (c) Moody's Investors Service ("Moody's") - "P-1"; and (d) Standard & Poor's ("S&P") - "A-1(Low)".

In respect of long-term securities or instruments (where the maturity date of the security or instrument is equal to or greater than one year), Counterparties must have a designated rating for Long-Term Debt no lower than (a) DBRS - "A"; (b) Fitch - "A"; (c) Moody's - "A2"; and (d) S&P - "A".

Counterparties are subject to the applicable short-term or long-term designated ratings restrictions listed above. The Counterparties to the ETF's Forward Agreements meet those designated ratings requirements.

Management Discussion of Fund Performance (continued)

Each Forward Agreement has a remaining term to maturity at any point in time of less than five years which, with the consent of the ETF and the applicable Counterparty, will be extended annually for a fixed number of years and, provided no default or event of default and no unresolved hedging event or disruption event has occurred and is continuing, the ETF has the ability to request the termination of its exposure under a Forward Agreement, in whole or in part, at any time.

Since the Forward Agreements, like most forward agreements, may settle the obligations of each party on a net basis, the exposure of the ETF to the credit risk of any one Counterparty is limited to the positive mark-to-market of the Forward Agreements entered into with that Counterparty, if any, which is calculated and accrued on a daily basis.

Leverage

The ETF measures leverage in terms of the total underlying notional value of the securities and/or financial derivative positions as a ratio of the total assets held by such ETF. The ETF is considered an “alternative mutual fund”, as defined in amendments to National Instrument 81-102 (“NI 81-102”) which came into force on January 3, 2019, and, as such, is permitted to lever its assets: that is, the aggregate underlying market exposure of all derivatives held by the ETF calculated on a daily mark-to-market basis can exceed the ETF’s cash and cash equivalents, including cash and securities held as margin on deposit to support the ETF’s derivatives trading activities. The ETF will generally not use leverage in excess of 3.0 times its net asset value. If the ETF uses leverage in excess of 3.0 times its net asset value, it shall generally reduce its leverage to 3.0 times its net asset value within 10 business days.

The following table discloses the minimum and maximum leverage levels for the ETF for the period ended June 30, 2026, and for the year ended December 31, 2025; the ETF’s leverage at the end of those reporting periods; and, approximately what that leverage represents as a percentage of the ETF’s net assets. Leverage is adjusted daily to be within limits set out in the prospectus.

Period/Year Ended	Minimum Leverage	Maximum Leverage	Leverage at end of Reporting Period	Approximate Percentage of Net Assets
June 30, 2026	3.00:1	3.00:1	3.00:1	300%
December 31, 2025	3.00:1	3.00:1	3.00:1	300%

Recent Developments

There are no recent industry, management or ETF related developments that are pertinent to the present and future of the ETF.

Presentation

The attached financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards (“IFRS”). Any mention of total net assets, net assets, net asset value or increase (decrease) in net assets in the financial statements and/or management report of fund performance is referring to net assets or increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable shares as reported under IFRS.

Management Discussion of Fund Performance (continued)

Related Party Transactions

Certain services have been provided to the ETF by related parties, and those relationships are described below.

Manager and Investment Manager

The manager and investment manager of the Company and of the ETF is Global X Investments Canada Inc., 55 University Avenue, Suite 800, Toronto, Ontario, M5J 2H7, a corporation incorporated under the laws of Ontario.

Any management fees paid to the Manager (described in detail on page 13) are related party transactions, as the Manager is considered to be a related party to the ETF. Fees paid to the Independent Review Committee are also considered to be related party transactions. Both the management fees and fees paid to the Independent Review Committee are disclosed in the statement of comprehensive income in the attached financial statements of the ETF. The management fees payable by the ETF as at June 30, 2026, and December 31, 2025 are disclosed in the statement of financial position.

Financial Highlights

The following tables show selected key financial information about the ETF and are intended to help you understand the ETF's financial performance for the current interim reporting period and since it effectively began operations on September 17, 2025. This information is derived from the ETF's annual audited financial statements and the current unaudited interim financial statements. Please see the front page for information on how you may obtain the ETF's annual financial statements.

The ETF's Net Assets per Share

Period ⁽¹⁾	2026	2025
Net assets, beginning of period	\$ 17.61	20.00
Increase (decrease) from operations:		
Total revenue	—	—
Total expenses	(0.16)	(0.07)
Realized gains (losses) for the period	—	—
Unrealized gains (losses) for the period	(8.43)	(2.32)
Total increase (decrease) from operations ⁽²⁾	(8.59)	(2.39)
Total distributions ⁽³⁾	—	—
Net assets, end of period ⁽⁴⁾	\$ 9.02	17.61

1. This information is derived from the ETF's unaudited interim financial statements and audited annual financial statements.
2. Net assets per share and distributions are based on the actual number of shares outstanding at the relevant time. The increase (decrease) from operations is based on the weighted average number of shares outstanding over the financial period.
3. Distributions, if any, were paid in cash, reinvested in additional shares of the ETF, or both.
4. The Financial Highlights are not intended to act as a continuity of the opening and closing net assets per share.

Financial Highlights (continued)

Ratios and Supplemental Data

Period ⁽¹⁾	2026	2025
Total net asset value (000's)	\$ 2,255	4,403
Number of shares outstanding (000's)	250	250
Management expense ratio ⁽²⁾	1.61%	0.84%
Management expense ratio before waivers and absorptions ⁽²⁾	3.46%	3.35%
Trading expense ratio ⁽³⁾	0.85%	0.41%
Portfolio turnover rate ⁽⁴⁾	0.00%	0.00%
Net asset value per share, end of period	\$ 9.02	17.61
Closing market price	\$ 9.01	17.15

1. This information is provided as at June 30, 2026, and December 31 of the other years shown.
2. Management expense ratio is based on total expenses, including sales tax, (excluding commissions and other portfolio transaction costs) for the stated period and is expressed as an annualized percentage of daily average net asset value during the period. Out of its management fees, and waivers and absorptions, as applicable, the Manager pays for such services to the ETF as portfolio advisor compensation, administration, service fees and marketing. The Manager, at its discretion, may waive and/or absorb a portion of the fees and/or expenses otherwise payable by the ETF. The waiving and/or absorption of such fees and/or expenses by the Manager may be terminated at any time, or continued indefinitely, at the discretion of the Manager.
3. The trading expense ratio represents total commissions, forward agreement fees and other portfolio transaction costs expressed as an annualized percentage of daily average net asset value during the period.
4. The ETF's portfolio turnover rate indicates how actively the ETF trades its portfolio investments. A portfolio turnover rate of 100% is equivalent to the ETF buying and selling all of the securities in its portfolio once in the course of a year. The higher an ETF's portfolio turnover rate in a year, the greater the chance of an investor receiving taxable capital gains in the year. There is not necessarily a relationship between a high turnover rate and the performance of an ETF.

Financial Highlights (continued)

Management Fees

In consideration for management services and investment advice provided to the ETF, the Manager is entitled to a management fee. The management fee, inclusive of sales tax, is applied on a daily basis to the net asset value of the ETF. The management fees, exclusive of sales tax, are charged at the annual rate of 1.15%. Approximately 100% of management fees were used for investment management, other general administration and profit.

The ETF is also responsible for all of its operating expenses, unless waived or reimbursed by the Manager, including but not limited to: audit fees; trustee and custodial expenses; valuation, accounting and record keeping costs; legal expenses; permitted prospectus preparation and filing expenses; costs associated with delivering documents to shareholders; listing and annual stock exchange fees; index licensing fees, if applicable; fees payable to CDS Clearing and Depository Services Inc.; bank related fees and interest charges; extraordinary expenses; shareholder reports and servicing costs; registrar and transfer agent fees; costs of the independent review committee; income taxes; sales tax; brokerage expenses and commissions; and withholding taxes. The Manager bears the costs relating to the investment management, advertising, marketing, sponsorship and promotion of the ETF.

The Manager, at its discretion, has waived or absorbed, and may continue to waive and/or absorb, a portion of the fees and/or expenses otherwise payable by the ETF. The waiving and/or absorption of such fees and/or expenses by the Manager may be terminated at any time, or continued indefinitely, at the discretion of the Manager.

Fees related to the operation of the Forward Agreements are not included in the management fees or other operating expenses of the ETF. Forward fees and applicable hedging costs related to the Forward Agreements, as described in the “Fees and Expenses” section of the ETF’s prospectus, are incurred by way of a reduction in the forward price payable to the ETF by the Forward Counterparty. For the purposes of financial reporting, these expenses have been broken out and disclosed in “transaction costs” in the statement of comprehensive income and are included in the trading expense ratio in the management report of fund performance.

The Manager paid substantially more than 100% of the management fees it received from the ETF during the period towards marketing and promotional costs, and towards the fees associated with the managerial, portfolio management and portfolio advisory services provided to the ETF.

Past Performance

Past performance information is not presented for the ETF as it has not been in continuous operation for one full calendar year.

Summary of Investment Portfolio

As at June 30, 2026

Asset Mix	Net Asset Value	% of ETF's Net Asset Value
Investments	\$ (2,707,277)	-120.06%
Cash held for Collateral	4,912,281	217.85%
Cash - Other	53,427	2.37%
Other Assets less Liabilities	(3,488)	-0.16%
	\$ 2,254,943	100.00%

Top Holdings	% of ETF's Net Asset Value
Cash held for Collateral	217.85%
Cash - Other	2.37%
Forward Agreements (net notional value \$4,770,006)	-120.06%

Top 25 Securities In the Underlying Index*—Russell 2000 Index	% Weighting in Underlying Index
Moog Inc., Class 'A'	0.38%
Hut 8 Corp.	0.37%
Viasat Inc.	0.35%
BrightSpring Health Services Inc.	0.35%
Cytokinetics Inc.	0.35%
Maxlinear Inc.	0.34%
Argan Inc.	0.34%
UMB Financial Corp.	0.33%
JFrog Ltd.	0.31%
Riot Platforms Inc.	0.30%
Krystal Biotech Inc.	0.30%
ESCO Technologies Inc.	0.29%
Caretrust REIT Inc.	0.28%
Old National Bancorp	0.28%
Firstcash Holdings Inc.	0.28%
Compass Inc., Class 'A'	0.27%
D-Wave Quantum Inc.	0.27%
Alkermes PLC	0.27%
EnerSys	0.27%
Stonex Group Inc.	0.27%
Praxis Precision Medicines Inc.	0.26%
USD Cash	0.26%
Terex Corp.	0.26%
Cipher Digital Inc.	0.26%
Plexus Corp.	0.25%

* These positions represent the top 25 constituents of the Underlying Index. The ETF is exposed to three times the daily inverse performance of the Underlying Index through the Forward Agreements.

The summary of investment portfolio may change due to the ongoing portfolio transactions of the ETF. The most recent financial statements are available at no cost by calling toll free 1-866-641-5739, or (416) 933-5745, by writing to us at Global X Investments Canada Inc., 55 University Avenue, Suite 800, Toronto, Ontario, M5J 2H7, by visiting our website at www.globalx.ca or through SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca.

MANAGER'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

The accompanying unaudited interim financial statements ("financial statements") of BetaPro -3x Russell 2000 Daily Leveraged Bear Alternative ETF (the "ETF") are the responsibility of the manager to the ETF, Global X Investments Canada Inc. (the "Manager"). They have been prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards using information available and include certain amounts that are based on the Manager's best estimates and judgements.

The Manager has developed and maintains a system of internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that all assets are safeguarded and to produce relevant, reliable and timely financial information, including the accompanying financial statements.

These financial statements have been approved by the Board of Directors of the Manager and by the Board of Directors of Global X Canada ETF Corp.



Rohit Mehta
Director
Global X Investments Canada Inc.



Thomas Park
Director
Global X Investments Canada Inc.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS

The Auditor of the ETF has not reviewed these Financial Statements.

Global X Investments Canada Inc., the Manager of the ETF, appoints an independent auditor to audit the ETF's annual financial statements.

The ETF's independent auditor has not performed a review of these interim financial statements in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards.

Statement of Financial Position (unaudited)

June 30, 2026, and December 31, 2025

	2026	2025
Assets		
Cash held for collateral	\$ 4,912,281	\$ 4,939,902
Cash - other	53,427	52,187
Derivative assets (note 7)	27,073	5,859
Total Assets	4,992,781	4,997,948
Liabilities		
Accrued management fees (note 10)	2,654	2,778
Accrued operating expenses	834	437
Derivative liabilities (note 7)	2,734,350	591,723
Total Liabilities	2,737,838	594,938
Total net assets	\$ 2,254,943	\$ 4,403,010
Number of redeemable shares outstanding (note 9)	250,000	250,000
Total net assets per share (note 1)	\$ 9.02	\$ 17.61

(See accompanying notes to financial statements)

Approved on behalf of the Board of Directors of Global X Canada ETF Corp.:



Rohit Mehta
Director



Julie Stajan
Director

Statement of Comprehensive Income (unaudited)

For the Period Ended June 30, 2026

	2026
Income	
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments and derivatives	\$ (2,107,264)
	(2,107,264)
Expenses (note 10)	
Management fees	20,283
Audit fees	3,636
Independent Review Committee fees	280
Custodial and fund valuation fees	12,715
Securityholder reporting costs	6,753
Administration fees	13,559
Transaction costs	14,149
	71,375
Amounts that were payable by the investment fund that were paid or absorbed by the Manager	(30,572)
	40,803
Increase (decrease) in net assets for the period	\$ (2,148,067)

(See accompanying notes to financial statements)

Statement of Changes in Financial Position (unaudited)

For the Period Ended June 30, 2026

		2026
Total net assets at the beginning of the period	\$	4,403,010
Increase (decrease) in net assets		(2,148,067)
Redeemable share transactions		
Proceeds from the issuance of securities of the investment fund		1,362,931
Aggregate amounts paid on redemption of securities of the investment fund		(1,362,931)
Total net assets at the end of the period	\$	2,254,943

(See accompanying notes to financial statements)

Statement of Cash Flows (unaudited)
For the Period Ended June 30, 2026

		2026
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Increase (decrease) in net assets for the period	\$	(2,148,067)
Adjustments for:		
Net change in unrealized (appreciation) depreciation of investments and derivatives		2,107,264
Purchase of investments		14,149
Accrued expenses		273
Net cash from (used in) operating activities		(26,381)
Net increase (decrease) in cash for the period		(26,381)
Cash at beginning of period		4,992,089
Cash at end of period	\$	4,965,708
 Total Cash are composed of		
Cash held for collateral	\$	4,912,281
Cash - other		53,427
Cash at end of period	\$	4,965,708

(See accompanying notes to financial statements)

Schedule of Investments (unaudited)

As at June 30, 2026

Security	Fair Value
FORWARD AGREEMENTS (-120.06%)	
Positive Exposure Forward Agreement (1.20%)	
Russell 2000 Index Forward Agreement	
Payment Date October 16, 2028 (notional value \$47,700)	\$ 27,073
Negative Exposure Forward Agreement (-121.26%)	
Russell 2000 Index Forward Agreement	
Payment Date October 2, 2028 (notional value \$4,817,706)	(2,734,350)
TOTAL FORWARD AGREEMENTS	(2,707,277)
CASH HELD FOR COLLATERAL (217.85%)	4,912,281
TOTAL INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (97.79%) (note 7)	\$ 2,205,004
Cash - other (2.37%)	53,427
Other assets less liabilities (-0.16%)	(3,488)
TOTAL NET ASSETS (100.00%)	\$ 2,254,943

Notes to Financial Statements - ETF Specific Information (unaudited)

June 30, 2026

A. ETF INFORMATION (NOTE 1)

The following table lists specific information about the ETF, the tickers under which the Cdn\$ Shares and US\$ Shares (if applicable), as described in note 1, trade on the Toronto Stock Exchange (the “TSX”), the functional and presentation currency of the ETF in either Canadian (“CAD”) or U.S. (“USD”) dollars, and the effective start of operations.

ETF Name	TSX Ticker(s)	Reporting Currency	Effective Start of Operations
BetaPro -3x Russell 2000 Daily Leveraged Bear Alternative ETF	SRSL	CAD	September 17, 2025

Investment Objective

SRSL seeks to provide daily investment results, before fees, expenses, distributions, brokerage commissions and other transaction costs, that endeavour to correspond to three times (300%) the inverse (opposite) of the daily performance of Russell 2000 Index (the “Underlying Index”, Bloomberg ticker: US2000USD). The ETF do not seek to achieve their stated investment objective over a period of time greater than one day. U.S. dollar gains or losses as a result of the ETF’s investments are intended to be hedged back to Canadian dollars.

If SRSL is successful in meeting its investment objective, its net asset value should, before fees, expenses, distributions, brokerage commissions and other transaction costs, gain approximately three times as much on a given day, on a percentage basis, as any decrease in its Underlying Index (when this Underlying Index declines on that day). Conversely, SRSL’s net asset value should, before fees, expenses, distributions, brokerage commissions and other transaction costs, lose approximately three times as much on a given day, on a percentage basis, as any increase in its Underlying Index (when this Underlying Index rises on that day).

B. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS RISK (NOTE 5)

(a) Market risks

(i) Currency risk

The ETF, seeks to hedge substantially all of its foreign currency exposure back to the Canadian dollar as part of any derivative agreement (see note 7) to limit the ETF’s foreign currency exposure.

(ii) Interest rate risk

The ETF does not hold any long term debt instruments to which it would have interest rate risk exposure.

(iii) Market price risk

The ETF does not seek to meet its investment objective over any period other than daily, as the ETF is rebalanced daily to ensure an investor’s risk is limited to the current value of their investment.

The ETF’s returns over periods longer than one day will likely differ in amount and possibly direction from the inverse performance of the Underlying Index for the same period. This effect becomes more pronounced as the volatility of the Underlying Index increases.

Notes to Financial Statements - ETF Specific Information (unaudited) (continued)

June 30, 2026

The table below shows the estimated impact on the ETF of a 1% increase or decrease in the Underlying Index, based on daily historical correlation during the reporting period, with all other factors remaining constant, as at the dates shown. In practice, actual results may differ from this sensitivity analysis and the difference could be material. A perfect daily correlation of 300% of the daily inverse return of the Underlying Index would be a correlation of 1.0000. The historical daily correlation may not be representative of future correlation.

Underlying Index	June 30, 2026	December 31, 2025
Russell 2000 Index	\$22,546	\$44,024
Daily Correlation	0.9999	0.9999

(iv) Price volatility risk

When comparing the returns of the ETF and the Underlying Index over any period **other than daily**, the volatility of the Underlying Index is a significant factor as a result of the rebalancing process. The following table illustrates the impact of two factors, benchmark volatility and benchmark performance, on a leveraged fund's period performance. The table shows estimated fund returns for a number of combinations of benchmark performance and benchmark volatility over a one year period.

Assumptions used in the table include: a) no ETF expenses and b) borrowing/lending rates (to obtain leverage) of zero percent. If the ETF's expenses were included, the ETF's performance would be lower than shown.

One Year Benchmark Performance	-300% One Year Benchmark Performance	Benchmark Volatility			
		0%	25%	50%	75%
-40%	-120.0%	363.0%	218.2%	3.3%	-84.2%
-20%	-60.0%	95.3%	34.2%	-56.4%	-93.3%
0%	0.0%	0.0%	-31.3%	-77.7%	-96.6%
20%	60.0%	-42.1%	-60.2%	-87.1%	-98.0%
40%	120.0%	-63.6%	-75.0%	-91.9%	-98.8%

The annualized volatility of each of the Underlying Index and the ETF for the period ended June 30, 2026, and for the year ended December 31, 2025, were as follows:

	Underlying Index	ETF
June 30, 2026	19.76%	63.69%
December 31, 2025	23.53%	68.39%

Notes to Financial Statements - ETF Specific Information (unaudited) (continued)

June 30, 2026

(b) Credit risk

The table below shows the notional exposure of the ETF to Derivative Agreements (as described in note 7) as at June 30, 2026, and December 31, 2025, as measured by the Net Notional Exposure. In addition, designated ratings for any Counterparties at each reporting date are presented, as is the credit risk exposure (see note 5) of derivative assets as shown in the statement of financial position.

As at	Counter-party ⁽¹⁾	Notional Exposure	Credit Risk	DBRS Rating	Fitch Rating	Moody's Rating	S&P Rating
Jun. 30, 2026	NBC	\$4,770,006	\$27,073	AA	A+	Aa2	A+
Dec. 31, 2025	NBC	\$9,624,688	\$5,859	AA	A+	Aa2	A+

⁽¹⁾ NBC refers to National Bank of Canada

(c) Leverage risk

The ETF measures leverage in terms of the total underlying notional value of the securities and/or financial derivative positions as a ratio of the total assets held by such ETF. The ETF is considered an “alternative mutual fund”, as defined in amendments to National Instrument 81-102 (“NI 81-102”) which came into force on January 3, 2019, and, as such, is permitted to lever its assets: that is, the aggregate underlying market exposure of all derivatives held by the ETF calculated on a daily mark-to-market basis can exceed the ETF’s cash and cash equivalents, including cash and securities held as margin on deposit to support the ETF’s derivatives trading activities. The ETF will generally not use leverage in excess of 3.0 times its net asset value. If the ETF uses leverage in excess of 3.0 times its net asset value, it shall generally reduce its leverage to 3.0 times its net asset value within 10 business days.

The following table discloses the minimum and maximum leverage levels for the ETF for the period ended June 30, 2026, and for the year ended December 31, 2025; the ETF’s leverage at the end of those reporting periods; and, approximately what that leverage represents as a percentage of the ETF’s net assets. Leverage is adjusted daily to be within limits set out in the prospectus.

Period/Year Ended	Minimum Leverage	Maximum Leverage	Leverage at end of Reporting Period	Approximate Percentage of Net Assets
June 30, 2026	3.00:1	3.00:1	3.00:1	300%
December 31, 2025	3.00:1	3.00:1	3.00:1	300%

Notes to Financial Statements - ETF Specific Information (unaudited) (continued)

June 30, 2026

C. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (NOTE 6)

The following is a summary of the inputs used as at June 30, 2026, and December 31, 2025, in valuing the ETF's investments and derivatives carried at fair values:

	June 30, 2026			December 31, 2025		
	Level 1 (\$)	Level 2 (\$)	Level 3 (\$)	Level 1 (\$)	Level 2 (\$)	Level 3 (\$)
Financial Assets						
Forward Agreements	–	27,073	–	–	5,859	–
Total Financial Assets	–	27,073	–	–	5,859	–
Financial Liabilities						
Forward Agreements	–	(2,734,350)	–	–	(591,723)	–
Total Financial Liabilities	–	(2,734,350)	–	–	(591,723)	–
Net Financial Assets and Liabilities	–	(2,707,277)	–	–	(585,864)	–

There were no significant transfers made between Levels 1 and 2 as a result of changes in the availability of quoted market prices or observable market inputs during the period or year shown. In addition, there were no investments or transactions classified in Level 3 for the period ended June 30, 2026, and for the year ended December 31, 2025

D. SECURITIES LENDING (NOTE 8)

As at June 30, 2026, and December 31, 2025, the ETF was not participating in any securities lending transactions. The ETF did not earn any income from securities lending transactions for the periods ended June 30, 2026 and 2025.

E. REDEEMABLE SHARES (NOTE 9)

For the period ended June 30, 2026, the number of ETF Shares issued by subscription, the number of ETF Shares redeemed, the total and average number of ETF Shares outstanding was as follows:

Period	Beginning Shares Outstanding	Shares Issued	Shares Redeemed	Ending Shares Outstanding	Average Shares Outstanding
2026	250,000	100,000	(100,000)	250,000	250,000

Notes to Financial Statements - ETF Specific Information (unaudited) (continued)

June 30, 2026

F. OFFSETTING OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (NOTE 13)

The following table shows financial instruments that may be eligible for offset, if such conditions were to arise, as at June 30, 2026, and December 31, 2025. The “Net” column displays what the net impact would be on the ETF’s statement of financial position if all amounts were set-off. “Financial Instruments” may include non-cash collateral pledged by the ETF.

	Amounts Offset (\$)			Amounts Not Offset (\$)		Net (\$)
Financial Assets and Liabilities as at June 30, 2026	Gross Assets (Liabilities)	Gross Assets (Liabilities) Offset	Net Amounts	Financial Instruments	Cash Collateral Pledged	
Derivative assets	27,073	–	27,073	(27,073)	–	–
Derivative liabilities	(2,734,350)	–	(2,734,350)	27,073	2,707,277	–

	Amounts Offset (\$)			Amounts Not Offset (\$)		Net (\$)
Financial Assets and Liabilities as at December 31, 2025	Gross Assets (Liabilities)	Gross Assets (Liabilities) Offset	Net Amounts	Financial Instruments	Cash Collateral Pledged	
Derivative assets	5,859	–	5,859	(5,859)	–	–
Derivative liabilities	(591,723)	–	(591,723)	5,859	585,864	–

Notes to Financial Statements (unaudited)

June 30, 2026

1. REPORTING ENTITY

Global X Canada ETF Corp. (the “Company”) is a mutual fund corporation established on October 10, 2019, under the federal laws of Canada. The authorized capital of the Company includes an unlimited number of non-cumulative, redeemable, non-voting classes of shares (each, a “Corporate Class” or “ETF”), issuable in an unlimited number of series, and one class of voting shares designated as “Class J Shares”. Each Corporate Class is a separate investment fund having specific investment objectives and is specifically referable to a separate portfolio of investments. ETF-specific information and the investment objectives for each ETF in the Company are disclosed in the ETF-specific notes information to the financial statements of each ETF. If the Corporation cannot satisfy its obligations related to an individual ETF, it may be required to satisfy them using assets attributable to other classes. Each ETF is a separate Corporate Class and currently consists of a single series of exchange traded fund shares (“ETF Shares”) of the applicable Corporate Class of the Company and a corresponding trust (“ETF Trust”).

Each ETF is offered for sale on a continuous basis by the Company’s prospectus in ETF Shares which trade on the Toronto Stock Exchange (“TSX”) in Canadian dollars (“Cdn\$ Shares”) and, where applicable, in U.S. dollars (“US\$ Shares”). Subscriptions for US\$ Shares can be made in either U.S. or Canadian dollars. An investor may buy or sell shares of the ETF on the TSX through a registered broker or dealer in the province or territory where the investor resides. Investors are able to trade shares of the ETF in the same way as other securities traded on the TSX, including by using market orders and limit orders and may incur customary brokerage commissions when buying or selling shares.

Global X Investments Canada Inc. (“Global X” or the “Manager” or the “Investment Manager”) is the manager and investment manager of the Company and of each Corporate Class. The Investment Manager is responsible for implementing each ETF’s investment strategies. The address of the Company’s registered office is: c/o Global X Investments Canada Inc., 55 University Avenue, Suite 800, Toronto, Ontario, M5J 2H7.

Investment Objective

The purpose of each ETF is to invest the net assets attributable to that ETF in accordance with its investment objectives, as defined in the Company’s prospectus. The investment objective for each ETF is set out in note A in the ETF-specific notes information.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

(i) Statement of compliance

The ETF’s financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards (“IFRS”). Any mention of total net assets, net assets, net asset value or increase (decrease) in net assets is referring to net assets or increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable shares as reported under IFRS.

These financial statements were authorized for issue on August 13, 2026, by the Board of Directors of the Company.

(ii) Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss, which are measured at fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued)

June 30, 2026

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

(a) Financial instruments

(i) Recognition, initial measurement and classification

The ETF is subject to IFRS 9, Financial Instruments (“IFRS 9”) for the classification and measurement requirements for financial instruments, including impairment of financial assets and hedge accounting.

IFRS 9 requires financial assets to be classified based on the ETF’s business model for managing the financial assets and contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. The standard includes three principal classification categories for financial assets: measured at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income, and fair value through profit or loss (“FVTPL”). IFRS 9 requires classification of debt instruments, if any, based solely on payment of principal and interest, and business model tests.

The ETF’s financial assets and financial liabilities are managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis. The contractual cash flows of the ETF’s debt securities, if any, consist solely of principal and interest, however, these securities are neither held in held-to-collect, or held-to-collect-and-sell business models in IFRS 9.

Financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL are initially recognized on the trade date, at fair value (see below), with transaction costs recognized in the statement of comprehensive income. Other financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized on the date on which they are originated at fair value.

The ETF classifies financial assets and financial liabilities into the following categories:

- Financial assets classified at FVTPL: debt securities, equity investments and derivative financial instruments
- Financial assets at amortized cost: all other financial assets
- Financial liabilities classified at FVTPL: derivative financial instruments and securities sold short, if any
- Financial liabilities at amortized cost: all other financial liabilities

(ii) Impairment

At each reporting date, financial assets measured at amortized cost are assessed for impairment using the expected-credit-loss model, with any loss allowances recognized in profit or loss. Significant financial difficulties of the counterparty, probability that the counterparty will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganization, and default in payments are all considered indicators that amounts may be credit impaired.

(iii) Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal or, in its absence, the most advantageous market to which the ETF has access at that date. The fair value of a liability reflects its non-performance risk.

Notes to Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued)

June 30, 2026

Investments are valued at fair value as of the close of business on each valuation date, as defined in the ETF's prospectus ("Valuation Date") and based on external pricing sources to the extent possible. Investments held that are traded in an active market through recognized public stock exchanges, over-the-counter markets, or through recognized investment dealers, are valued at their closing sale price. For exchange-traded securities, close prices are considered to be fair value if they fall within the bid-ask spread. In circumstances where the close price is not within the bid-ask spread, the Manager determines the point within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of fair value based on the specific facts and circumstances. However, such prices may be adjusted if a more accurate value can be obtained from recent trading activity or by incorporating other relevant information that may not have been reflected in pricing obtained from external sources. Short-term investments, including notes and money market instruments, are valued at amortized cost which approximates fair value.

Investments held that are not traded in an active market, including some derivative financial instruments, are valued using observable market inputs where possible, on such basis and in such manner as established by the Manager. Derivative financial instruments are recorded in the statement of financial position according to the gain or loss that would be realized if the contracts were closed out on the Valuation Date. Margin deposits, if any, are included in the schedule of investments as margin deposits. See also the summary of fair value measurements in note 6.

Fair value policies used for financial reporting purposes are the same as those used to measure the net asset value ("NAV") for transactions with shareholders.

The fair value of other financial assets and liabilities approximates their carrying values due to the short-term nature of these instruments.

(iv) Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Income and expenses are presented on a net basis for gains and losses from financial instruments at FVTPL and foreign exchange gains and losses.

(v) Specific instruments

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash consists of cash on deposit. Cash held for collateral consists of cash posted as collateral to the derivative agreements as described in note 7. As at June 30, 2026, the ETF held cash equivalents of \$nil (2025 – \$nil).

Redeemable shares

The Company has made significant judgments when determining the classification of each ETF's redeemable securities as financial liabilities in accordance with IAS 32 – Financial Instruments – Presentation ("IAS 32").

Each ETF's redeemable shares are classes in the Company. The classes will not participate pro rata in the residual net assets of the Company in the event of the Company's liquidation and they do not have identical features. Consequently, each ETF's outstanding redeemable shares are classified as financial liabilities in accordance with the requirements of IAS 32.

Notes to Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued)

June 30, 2026

Derivative agreements

In order to achieve its investment objective, the ETF may enter into derivative agreements (the “Derivative Agreements”) (see note 7) with one or more bank counterparties (each a “Counterparty”). The value of these derivative agreements is the gain or loss that would be realized if, on the Valuation Date, the agreements were to be closed out. That value is recorded as a derivative asset and/or derivative liability in the statement of financial position and included in the net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments and derivatives in the statement of comprehensive income.

When these derivative contracts are closed out or mature, realized gains or losses on the derivative agreements are recognized and are included in the statement of comprehensive income in net realized gain (loss) on sale of investments and derivatives.

(b) Investment income

Investment transactions are accounted for as of the trade date. Realized gains and losses from investment transactions are calculated on a weighted average cost basis. The difference between fair value and average cost, as recorded in the financial statements, is included in the statement of comprehensive income as part of the net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments and derivatives. Interest income for distribution purposes from investments in bonds and short-term investments, if any, represents the coupon interest received by the ETF accounted for on an accrual basis. Dividend income, if any, is recognized on the ex-dividend date. Distribution income from investments in other funds or ETFs, if any, is recognized when earned.

Income from derivatives is shown in the statement of comprehensive income as net realized gain (loss) on sale of investments and derivatives; net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments and derivatives; and, interest income for distribution purposes, in accordance with its nature.

Income from securities lending, if any, is included in “Securities lending income” on the statement of comprehensive income and is recognized when earned. Any securities on loan continue to be displayed in the schedule of investments and the market value of the securities loaned and collateral held is determined daily (see note 8).

If the ETF incurs withholding taxes imposed by certain countries on investment income and capital gains, such income and gains are recorded on a gross basis and the related withholding taxes are shown as a separate expense in the statement of comprehensive income.

(c) Foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currencies, if any, are translated into the ETF’s reporting currency using the exchange rate prevailing on the trade date. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the reporting date are translated at the period-end exchange rate. Foreign exchange gains and losses, if any, are presented as “Net realized gain (loss) on foreign exchange”, except for those arising from financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss, which are recognized as a component within “Net realized gain (loss) on sale of investments and derivatives” and “Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments and derivatives” in the statement of comprehensive income.

(d) Cost basis

The cost of portfolio investments is determined on an average cost basis.

Notes to Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued)

June 30, 2026

(e) Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable shares per share

The increase (decrease) in net assets per share in the statement of comprehensive income represents the change in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable shares from operations divided by the weighted average number of shares of the ETF outstanding during the reporting period.

(f) Shareholder transactions

The value at which shares of the ETF are issued or redeemed is determined by dividing the net asset value of the ETF by the total number of shares outstanding of the ETF on the applicable Valuation Date. Amounts received on the issuance of shares and amounts paid on the redemption of shares are included in the statement of changes in financial position. Orders for subscriptions or redemptions are only permissible on valid trading days, as defined in the ETF's prospectus.

(g) Amounts receivable (payable) relating to portfolio assets sold (purchased)

In accordance with the ETF's policy of trade date accounting for sale and purchase transactions, sales/purchase transactions awaiting settlement represent amounts receivable/payable for securities sold/purchased, but not yet settled as at the reporting date.

(h) Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable shares per share

Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable shares per share is calculated by dividing the ETF's net assets attributable to holders of redeemable shares by the number of shares of the ETF outstanding on the Valuation Date.

(i) Transaction costs

Transaction costs are incremental costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, issue or disposal of an investment, which include fees and commissions paid to agents, advisors, brokers and dealers, fees incurred in conjunction with the ETF's derivative agreements, levies by regulatory agencies and securities exchanges, and any applicable transfer taxes and duties. Transaction costs are expensed and are included in "Transaction costs" in the statement of comprehensive income.

(j) Future changes in accounting policies

IFRS 7 and IFRS 9 will have amendments that will apply for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2026. The amendments relate to settling financial liabilities using an electronic payment system and assessing contractual cash flow characteristics of financial assets, including those with Environmental, Social, and Governance linked features. There are additional amended disclosure requirements related to financial instruments with contingent features.

IFRS 18 will replace IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements and will apply for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2027. IFRS 18 introduces new required categories and subtotals in the statement of comprehensive income and enhances the presentation of management-defined performance measures to be disclosed in a single note. It also requires entities to use the operating profit subtotal as the starting point for the statement of cash flows when presenting operating cash flows under the indirect method. This change will impact the structure of the ETF's statement of comprehensive income, the statement of cash flows and additional required disclosures.

The ETF is in the process of assessing the impact of the amended and new accounting standards to the financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued)

June 30, 2026

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

In preparing these financial statements, the Manager has made judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to estimates are recognized prospectively.

The ETF may hold financial instruments that are not quoted in active markets, including derivatives. The determination of the fair value of these instruments is the area with the most significant accounting judgements and estimates that the ETF has made in preparing the financial statements. See note 6 for more information on the fair value measurement of the ETF's financial instruments.

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS RISK

In the normal course of business, the ETF's investment activities expose it to a variety of financial risks. The Manager seeks to minimize potential adverse effects of these risks for the ETF's performance by employing professional, experienced portfolio advisors, by daily monitoring of the ETF's positions and market events, and periodically may use derivatives to hedge certain risk exposures. To assist in managing risks, the Manager maintains a governance structure that oversees the ETF's investment activities and monitors compliance with the ETF's stated investment strategies, internal guidelines and securities regulations.

Significant financial instrument risks that are relevant to the ETF are discussed below and an analysis thereof is included in note B of the ETF-specific notes information.

(a) Market risks

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates, equity prices, foreign exchange rates and credit spreads (not relating to changes in the obligor's/issuer's credit standing) will affect the ETF's income or the fair value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return.

(i) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that financial instruments which are denominated in currencies other than the ETF's reporting currency will fluctuate due to changes in exchange rates and adversely impact the ETF's income, cash flows or fair values of its investment holdings.

(ii) Interest rate risk

The ETF may be exposed to the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of its financial instruments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates. In general, the value of interest-bearing financial instruments will rise if interest rates fall, and conversely, will generally fall if interest rates rise. There is minimal sensitivity to interest rate fluctuation on cash and cash equivalents invested at short-term market rates since those securities are usually held to maturity and are short term in nature.

(iii) Market price risk

Other market price risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether caused by factors specific to an individual investment, its issuer, or all factors affecting all instruments traded in a market or market segment. The Manager has implemented internal risk management controls on the ETF which are intended to limit the loss on its trading activities.

Notes to Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued)

June 30, 2026

The ETF does not seek to meet its investment objective over any period other than daily, as the ETF is rebalanced daily to ensure an investor's risk is limited to the current value of their investment.

The ETF's returns over periods longer than one day will likely differ in amount and possibly direction from the inverse performance of the Underlying Index for the same period. This effect becomes more pronounced as the volatility of the Underlying Index increases.

(iv) Price volatility risk

While the objective of the ETF is to seek **daily** investment results, before fees, expenses, distributions, brokerage commissions and other transaction costs, that endeavour to correspond three times (300%) the daily inverse performance of the Underlying Index, when performance is measured over periods other than daily, the ETF may experience greater volatility than its Underlying Index or the securities comprising the Underlying Index due to the compounding effect inherent in seeking a multiple of the Underlying Index, and thus has the potential for greater losses.

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk on financial instruments is the risk of a financial loss occurring as a result of the default of a counterparty on its obligation to the ETF. It arises principally from debt securities held, and also from derivative financial assets, cash and cash equivalents, and other receivables.

The ETF's maximum credit risk exposure as at the reporting date is represented by the respective carrying amounts of the financial assets in the statement of financial position, including any positive mark-to-market of the ETF's Derivative Agreement(s). This amount is included in "Derivative assets" (if any) in the statement of financial position. The credit risk related to any one Derivative Agreement is concentrated in the Counterparty to that particular Derivative Agreement.

Credit risk is managed by dealing with counterparties the Manager believes to be creditworthy and which meet the designated rating requirements of National Instrument 81-102 ("NI 81-102"), see note 7. Collateral for any Derivative Agreements is received in the form of cash and is reflected as "Cash held for collateral" on the statement of financial position.

(c) Leverage risk

Leverage offers a means of magnifying market movements into larger changes in an investment's value and provides greater investment exposure than an unleveraged investment. Leverage should cause an ETF to lose more money in market environments adverse to its daily investment objective than an ETF that does not employ leverage.

Using leverage involves special risks and should be considered to be speculative. Leverage exists when an ETF achieves the right to a return on a capital base that exceeds the amount the ETF has invested. An ETF using leverage creates the potential for greater gains to its shareholders during favourable market conditions and the risk of magnified losses during adverse market conditions. Leverage should increase the volatility of the net asset value of the ETF. Leverage may involve the creation of a liability that does not entail any interest costs or the creation of a liability that requires the ETF to pay interest, which decreases the ETF's total return to its shareholders. If the ETF achieves its investment objective, during adverse market conditions, shareholders of the ETF may experience a loss greater than they would have incurred had the ETF not been leveraged.

The ETF employs absolute leverage that will generally not exceed 3.0 times the net asset value of the ETF and that leverage is **rebalanced daily** in order to ensure each shareholder's risk is limited to the capital invested.

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June 30, 2026

(d) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the ETF will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The ETF may, at times, have very large purchase and redemption activity. However, the performance of the ETF is primarily affected by the performance of its Derivative Agreements, which are rebalanced daily, and is tied to the performance of the Underlying Index. The performance and liquidity of the ETF is unaffected by the asset size of the ETF, purchases or redemptions as these transactions are taken into account during the daily rebalancing of the Derivative Agreements. Generally, liabilities of the ETF are due within 90 days.

6. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

IFRS 13, Fair Value Measurement ("IFRS 13") requires a classification of fair value measurements of the ETF's investments based on a three level fair value hierarchy and a reconciliation of transactions and transfers within that hierarchy. The hierarchy of fair valuation inputs is summarized as follows:

- Level 1: securities that are valued based on quoted prices in active markets.
- Level 2: securities that are valued based on inputs other than quoted prices that are observable, either directly as prices, or indirectly as derived from prices.
- Level 3: securities that are valued with significant unobservable market data.

Changes in valuation methods may result in transfers into or out of an investment's assigned level. The fair value hierarchy classification of the ETF's assets and liabilities and additional disclosures relating to transfers between levels is included in note C in the ETF-specific notes information.

7. DERIVATIVE AGREEMENTS AND COLLATERAL PLEDGED

(a) Forward Agreements

In order to achieve its investment objective, the type of Derivative Agreements the ETF has entered into are forward agreements (the "Forward Agreements") with one or more bank Counterparties. The Forward Agreements provide both positive exposure to the Underlying Index and negative exposure to the Underlying Index. The ETF seeks to achieve its investment objective through the net exposure (the "Net Notional Exposure") of these Forward Agreements. The ETF generally invests its assets in interest bearing accounts and/or short-term Canadian federal or provincial treasury bills ("T-Bills") to earn prevailing short-term market interest rates.

Each Forward Agreement with a Counterparty in which the ETF is provided with exposure that corresponds positively with the exposure to the Underlying Index requires the ETF to pay the Counterparty an agreed notional amount. In return, the Counterparty pays the ETF the value of the notional investment, plus an amount based upon any increase or decline in the Underlying Index. Each Forward Agreement with a Counterparty in which the ETF is provided with exposure that corresponds negatively with the exposure to the Underlying Index requires the Counterparty to pay the ETF an agreed notional amount. In return, the ETF pays the Counterparty the value of the notional investment, plus an amount based upon any increase or decline in the Underlying Index. The ETF also invests the net proceeds of share subscriptions in interest bearing accounts and T-Bills to earn short-term money-market interest rates. The terms of the Forward Agreements requires the ETF, for any applicable Counterparty, to pledge substantially all of its respective interest bearing account and T-Bills to the Counterparty to secure the payment of the ETF's payment obligations under the Forward Agreements. The ETF has the ability to replace Counterparties or engage additional Counterparties at any time.

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June 30, 2026

Since the Forward Agreements, like most forward agreements, may settle the obligations of each party on a net basis, the exposure of the ETF to the credit risk of any one Counterparty is limited to the positive mark-to-market of the Forward Agreements entered into with that Counterparty, if any, which is calculated and accrued on a daily basis.

(b) Counterparty Restrictions

The Counterparty to any Derivative Agreements entered into by the ETF must be a chartered Canadian bank or an affiliate of a chartered Canadian bank whose obligations are guaranteed by a chartered Canadian bank, and has a designated rating. The ETF's exposure to Derivative Agreements by Counterparty is disclosed in the credit risk section of note B of the ETF-specific notes information.

In respect of short-term securities or instruments (where the maturity date of the security or instrument is less than one year), Counterparties must have a designated rating for Commercial Paper/Short-Term Debt no lower than (a) Dominion Bond Rating Service Limited ("DBRS") - "R-1(low)"; (b) Fitch Ratings ("Fitch") - "F1"; (c) Moody's Investors Service ("Moody's") - "P-1"; and (d) Standard & Poor's ("S&P") - "A-1(Low)".

In respect of long-term securities or instruments (where the maturity date of the security or instrument is equal to or greater than one year), Counterparties must have a designated rating for Long-Term Debt no lower than (a) DBRS - "A"; (b) Fitch - "A"; (c) Moody's - "A2"; and (d) S&P - "A".

Counterparties are subject to the applicable short-term or long-term designated ratings restrictions listed above. The Counterparties to the ETF's Derivative Agreements meet those designated ratings requirements.

Each Derivative Agreement has a remaining term to maturity at any point in time of less than five years which, with the consent of the ETF and the applicable Counterparty, will be extended annually for a fixed number of years and, provided no default or event of default and no unresolved hedging event or disruption event has occurred and is continuing, the ETF has the ability to request the termination of its exposure under its Derivative Agreements, in whole or in part, at any time.

8. SECURITIES LENDING

In order to generate additional returns, the ETF is authorized to enter into securities lending agreements with borrowers deemed acceptable in accordance with NI 81-102. Under a securities lending agreement, the borrower must pay the ETF a negotiated securities lending fee, provide compensation to the ETF equal to any distributions received by the borrower on the securities borrowed, and the ETF must receive an acceptable form of collateral in excess of the value of the securities loaned. Although such collateral is marked to market, the ETF may be exposed to the risk of loss should a borrower default on its obligations to return the borrowed securities and the collateral is insufficient to reconstitute the portfolio of loaned securities. Revenue, if any, earned on securities lending transactions during the period is disclosed in the ETF's statement of comprehensive income.

The aggregate closing market value of securities loaned and collateral received, if any, as at June 30, 2026, and December 31, 2025, and a reconciliation of the securities lending income for the periods ended June 30, 2026 and 2025, if any, as presented in the statement of comprehensive income are presented in note D of the ETF-specific notes information.

9. REDEEMABLE SHARES

The authorized capital of the Company includes an unlimited number of non-cumulative, redeemable, non-voting Corporate Classes, issuable in an unlimited number of series, including the ETF Shares, and one class of voting shares designated as "Class J Shares". Each Corporate Class is a separate investment fund having specific investment objectives and is specifically referable to a separate portfolio of investments. Each ETF of the Company is a separate Corporate Class.

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Each ETF Share entitles the owner to one vote at meetings of shareholders of the applicable Corporate Class to which they are entitled to vote. Each shareholder is entitled to participate equally with all other shares of the same Corporate Class or series of Corporate Class with respect to all payments made to shareholders, other than management fee rebates, including dividends and distributions and, on liquidation, to participate equally in the net assets of the applicable Corporate Class remaining after satisfaction of any outstanding liabilities that are attributable to ETF Shares of the Corporate Class.

The redeemable shares issued by the ETF provide an investor with the right to require redemption for cash at a value proportionate to the investor's share in the ETF's net assets at each redemption date. The ETF's objectives in managing the redeemable shares are to meet the ETF's investment objective, and to manage liquidity risk arising from redemptions. The ETF's liquidity risk arising from redeemable shares is discussed in note 5.

On any valid trading day, as defined in the ETF's prospectus, shareholders of the ETF may redeem: (i) ETF Shares for cash at a redemption price per ETF Share equal to 95% of the closing price for the ETF Shares in the applicable currency on the TSX on the effective day of the redemption, subject to a maximum redemption price per ETF Share equal to the net asset value per ETF Share on the effective day of redemption; or (ii) at the sole discretion of the Manager, a prescribed number of shares ("PNS") or a whole multiple PNS for cash in the applicable currency equal to the net asset value of that number of ETF Shares in such currency next determined following the receipt of the redemption request, less any applicable redemption charge as determined by the Manager in its sole discretion; or (iii) at the sole discretion of the Manager, a PNS or a whole multiple PNS in exchange for securities and cash in the applicable currency equal to the net asset value of that number of ETF Shares in such currency following the receipt of the redemption request, provided that a securities redemption may be subject to redemption charges at the sole discretion of the Manager.

Shares of the ETF are issued or redeemed on a daily basis at the net asset value per share that is determined as at 4:00 p.m. (Eastern Time) each business day.

If, in any taxation year, the Company would otherwise be liable for tax on net realized capital gains, the Company intends to pay, to the extent possible, by the last day of that year, a special capital gains dividend to ensure that the Company will not be liable for income tax on such amounts under the Tax Act (after taking into account all available deductions, credits and refunds). Such distributions may be paid in the form of ETF Shares of the relevant ETF and/or cash which is automatically reinvested in ETF Shares of the relevant ETF. Any such distributions payable in ETF Shares or reinvested in ETF Shares of the relevant ETF will increase the aggregate adjusted cost base of a shareholder's ETF Shares of that ETF. Immediately following payment of such a special distribution in ETF Shares or reinvestment in ETF Shares, the number of ETF Shares of that ETF outstanding will be automatically consolidated such that the number of ETF Shares of that ETF outstanding after such distribution will be equal to the number of ETF Shares of that ETF outstanding immediately prior to such distribution, except where there are non-resident shareholders to the extent tax is required to be withheld in respect of the distribution.

A summary table of the number of shares issued by subscription, the number of shares redeemed, the total and average number of shares outstanding during the relevant reporting periods is disclosed in note E of the ETF-specific notes information.

10. EXPENSES AND OTHER RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Management fees

In consideration for management services and investment advice provided to the ETF, the Manager is entitled to a management fee. The management fee, inclusive of sales tax, is applied on a daily basis to the net asset value of the ETF. The management fees, exclusive of sales tax, are charged at the annual rate of 1.15%.

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June 30, 2026

Other expenses

The ETF is also responsible for all of its operating expenses, unless waived or reimbursed by the Manager, including but not limited to: audit fees; custodial expenses; valuation, accounting and record keeping costs; legal expenses; permitted prospectus preparation and filing expenses; costs associated with delivering documents to shareholders; listing and annual stock exchange fees; index licensing fees, if applicable; fees payable to CDS Clearing and Depository Services Inc.; bank related fees and interest charges; extraordinary expenses; shareholder reports and servicing costs; registrar and transfer agent fees; costs of the independent review committee; income taxes; sales tax; brokerage expenses and commissions; and withholding taxes. The Manager bears the costs relating to the investment management, advertising, marketing, sponsorship and promotion of the ETF.

The Manager, at its discretion, has waived or absorbed, and may continue to waive and/or absorb, a portion of the fees and/or expenses otherwise payable by the ETF. These waivers or absorptions are disclosed in the statement of comprehensive income. The waiving and/or absorption of such fees and/or expenses by the Manager may be terminated at any time, or continued indefinitely, at the discretion of the Manager.

Fees related to the operation of the Forward Agreements are not included in the management fees or other operating expenses of the ETF. Forward fees and applicable hedging costs related to the Forward Agreements, as described in the “Fees and Expenses” section of the ETF’s prospectus, are incurred by way of a reduction in the forward price payable to the ETF by the Counterparty. For the purposes of financial reporting, these expenses have been broken out and disclosed in “transaction costs” in the statement of comprehensive income and are included in the trading expense ratio in the management report of fund performance.

Other related party transactions

The management fees paid to the Manager and fees paid to the Independent Review Committee (“IRC”) are considered related party transactions, as the Manager and IRC are related parties to the ETF. Both the management fees and fees paid to the IRC are disclosed in the statement of comprehensive income. The management fees payable by the ETF as at June 30, 2026, and December 31, 2025, are disclosed in the statement of financial position.

11. INCOME TAX

The Company qualifies and intends at all relevant times to qualify as a “mutual fund corporation” as defined in the Tax Act. Although the Company may issue any number of classes, in any number of series, it will be required (like any other mutual fund corporation with a multi-class structure) to compute its income and net capital gains for tax purposes as a single entity. All of the Company’s revenues, deductible expenses, non-capital losses, capital gains and capital losses in connection with all of its investment portfolios, and other items relevant to its tax position (including the tax attributes of all of its assets), will be taken into account in determining the income (and taxable income) or loss of the Company and applicable taxes payable by the Company as a whole.

As a mutual fund corporation, the Company is entitled, in certain circumstances, to a refund of tax paid by it in respect of its net realized capital gains determined on a formula basis that is based in part on the redemption of the ETF Shares. Also, as a mutual fund corporation, the Company will be entitled to maintain a capital gains dividend account in respect of its net realized capital gains and from which it may elect to pay dividends which are treated as capital gains dividends in the hands of shareholders.

To the extent that the Company earns net income (other than dividends from taxable Canadian corporations and certain taxable capital gains and after available deductions), including in respect of derivative transactions, interest and income paid or made payable to it by a trust resident in Canada, the Company will be subject to income tax on such net income and no refund will be available in respect thereof.

The Company may, at its option, pay special year-end dividends to shareholders in the form of a capital gains dividend where the Company has net taxable capital gains upon which it would otherwise be subject to tax, or in order to recover refundable tax not otherwise recoverable upon payment of regular cash distributions.

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The Company has established a policy to determine how it allocates the Company's non-refundable taxes among its Corporate Classes in a way that it believes is fair, consistent and reasonable for all shareholders. At the Manager's discretion in accordance with the principles set out in the policy, tax associated with gains resulting from the settlement of a cash-settled derivative utilized by a Corporate Class may be allocated to another Corporate Class. In addition, the amount of dividends, capital gains dividends or returns of capital, if any, paid to shareholders will be based on the Manager's discretion in accordance with the policy, which has been approved by the Company's board of directors.

Realized income tax treatment on ultimate settlement of derivatives contracts and the assumptions made, or changes to such assumptions could necessitate future adjustments, tax payable, and/or recognition of tax provision.

12. TAX LOSSES CARRIED FORWARD

Where the Company has realized a capital loss in a taxation year, such capital loss cannot be allocated to shareholders but the Company may carry such capital loss back three years or forward indefinitely to offset capital gains realized by the Company. Non-capital losses incurred by the Company in a taxation year cannot be allocated to shareholders of the Company, but may be carried back three years or carried forward twenty years to offset income (including taxable capital gains).

As at December 31, 2025, the Company and its wholly-owned entities (private investment trusts) had capital losses and/or non-capital losses, with the year of expiry of the non-capital losses as follows:

Capital Losses	Non-Capital Losses	Year of Expiry of the Non-Capital Losses
\$1,325,662,078	\$126,121	2028
	\$1,961,149	2029
	\$5,668,871	2030
	\$3,237,571	2031
	\$3,138,653	2032
	\$153,021,428	2033
	\$230,454,838	2034
	\$447,364,861	2035
	\$74,273,197	2036
	\$262,115,961	2037
	\$117,380,930	2038
	\$182,413,460	2039
	\$156,189,087	2040

13. OFFSETTING OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

In the normal course of business, the ETF may enter into various master netting arrangements or other similar agreements that do not meet the criteria for offsetting in the statement of financial position but still allow for the related amounts to be set off in certain circumstances, such as bankruptcy or termination of the contracts. Amounts eligible for offset, if any, are disclosed in note F of the ETF-specific notes information.

